Health tip: Insurance 101



Facts about lack of health insurance literacy in the US:

About half (51 percent) of Americans do not understand the basic health insurance terms premium, deductible and copay. When thinking about healthcare math, less than 20% of individuals are able to calculate their out-of-pocket costs accurately. Lastly, nearly 90% of adults have difficulty using health information to make informed decisions.¹ In-depth dentitions of common insurance terminology are below.

Insurance Terminology

- **1. Premium:** The amount that must be paid for your health insurance plan. This is normally paid monthly, quarterly, or yearly and it usually comes out of your paycheck.²
- **2. Deductible:** The amount you owe for covered health services before you health plan begins to pay. There are individual deductibles and family deductibles.²
- **3. Coinsurance:** Your share for the cost of covered health care services; a percentage of the cost. Generally, after you meet your deductible, you pay coinsurance for covered health services. This is usually a percentage of the cost, with you paying a percentage and the insurance company paying a percentage. For example, if the coinsurance is 80/20, that means the member pays 20% after the deductible is met and the insurance pays 80% after the deductible is met.²
- **4. Co-Payment:** a fixed amount you pay for a covered health service at the time of service. Not all plans have co-payments.
- 5. Out of Pocket Limit: The most you pay before your health plan begins to pay 100% of the allowed amount.²
- 6. Allowed Amount: The maximum payment the plan will pay for a covered health care service.²
- 7. Preventive Care: Includes routine well exams, screenings, and immunizations intended to prevent or avoid illness or other health problems.³
- 8. Diagnostic Care: Include care or treatment when you have symptoms or risk factors and your doctor wants to diagnose them. Diagnostic care may include many different types of things including office visits, labs, x-rays, CT scans, MRIs.³





HRA	FSA	HSA
Health Reimbursement	Flexible Spending	Health Savings
Account	Account	Account
What is it?	What is it?	What is it?
An account funded by your	An account funded by you,	A personal bank account to help
employer, to help you pay for	to help you pay for covered	you save and pay for covered
covered health care services	health care services and eligible	health care services and
and eligible medical expenses.	medical expenses.	qualified medical expenses.
How can you get it: HRAs are connected to a health plan, if your employer offers this type of plan, you will get it when you sign up for the plan.	How can you get it: You can choose to sign up for an FSA if it is offered by your employer.	How can you get it: If offered, you must sign up for a high deductible health plan that meets the deductible amount set up by the IRS.
What can I pay for with it? You can pay for hundreds of eligible medical expenses, which are determined by the IRS and your employer. Your employer may only allow the HRA to pay for certain expenses like deductible expenses.	What can I pay for with it? You can pay for hundreds of eligible medical expenses which are determined by the IRS and your employer.	What can I pay for with it? You can pay for hundreds of eligible medical expenses, which are determined by the IRS. This can include services covered by the health plan, dental services, and vision services.



Sources:

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